Ethics & Engineering Design

Dr. Nathan Ensmenger University of Pennsylvania nathanen@sas.upenn.edu



Engineering is important

Engineering is important
Ethics are essential to a profession

Engineering is important
Ethics are essential to a profession
CYA

- Engineering is important
- Ethics are essential to a profession
- CYA
- Doing the Right Thing

- Engineering is important
- Ethics are essential to a profession
- CYA
- Doing the Right Thing
- Ethical engineering is good engineering

ABET Criteria I.C.3.d.3.c

• Among the fundamental elements of the design process are the establishment of objectives and criteria, synthesis, analysis, construction, testing, and evaluation...

ABET Criteria I.C.3.d.3.c

 Among the fundamental elements of the design process are the establishment of objectives and criteria, synthesis, analysis, construction, testing, and evaluation...

• Further, it is essential to include a variety of realistic constraints, such as economic factors, safety, reliability, aesthetics, ethics, and social impact.







bias: (examples, types: pre-existing, emergent, technical)

- bias: (examples, types: pre-existing, emergent, technical)
- robustness

- bias: (examples, types: pre-existing, emergent, technical)
- robustness
- competence

- bias: (examples, types: pre-existing, emergent, technical)
- robustness
- competence
- manufacturing

- bias: (examples, types: pre-existing, emergent, technical)
- robustness
- competence
- manufacturing
- process: communications, testing

- bias: (examples, types: pre-existing, emergent, technical)
- robustness
- competence
- manufacturing
- process: communications, testing
- communications

- bias: (examples, types: pre-existing, emergent, technical)
- robustness
- competence
- manufacturing
- process: communications, testing
- communications
- addressing mistakes





Roland Schinzinger & Michael Martin Introduction to Engineering Ethics (2000)

Roland Schinzinger & Michael Martin Introduction to Engineering Ethics (2000)

"So many products of technology present some potential dangers that engineering should be regarded as an inherently risky activity.

In order to underscore this fact and help to explore its ethical implications, we suggest that engineering should be viewed as an experimental process.

It is not, of course, an experiment conducted solely in a laboratory under controlled conditions. Rather, it is an experiment on a social scale involving human subjects."

All engineering is carried out "in partial ignorance"

- All engineering is carried out "in partial ignorance"
- The outcomes of any project are uncertain (the law of unintended consequences)

- All engineering is carried out "in partial ignorance"
- The outcomes of any project are uncertain (the law of unintended consequences)
- Monitoring is as essential in engineering as it is in experimentation in general"



The Case of Air Bag Safety

 In 2002, motor vehicle traffic crashes were the leading cause of death for every age 3 through 33.

 Motor vehicle accidents were the 8th leading cause of death overall.

 43,005 people died in motor vehicle crashes in the United States alone.



First Driver's Side Airbag, circa 1960



Pillow protects you in auto crashes

This "Auto-Ceptor" pillow is designed to prevent or lessen injuries in car accidents. Triggered by a crash sensor, it inflates in 1/25 second between the instrument panel and the driver and passenger. A model and dummy child demonstrate it here. It's a joint product of two companies: Eaton Yale & Towne and the Ford Motor Co.

94 POPULAR SCIENCE

The "Auto-Ceptor" Airbag, Popular Science 1968





The Challenge of Airbag Design

The Challenge of Airbag Design

Technological Uncertainty
Technological Uncertainty









Social Uncertainty

Social Uncertainty













Addressing Uncertainty

Addressing Uncertainty

BUCKLING UP AND GETTING INTO THE CORRECT POSITION



Engineering as Social Experiment



Engineering as Social Experiment









Moorestown lawyer joins Ford defense in air-bag lawsuit

Courier-Post Staff

CAMDEN

Pretrial hearings in a federal product-liability lawsuit over the design of air bags against Ford Motor Co. were set to intensify with the company introducing a new attorney.

Glenn Zeitz of Moorestown, who has defended many cases

that have drawn nationwide interest, filed papers with the court on Thursday indicating he will join Ford's defense team.

Glenn Zeitz has been involved in several high-profile cases.

Zeitz appeared at a routine status hearing before U.S. Magistrate Judge Joel Rosen in the the accident.

Ford's defense now relies primarily on reports from forensic pathologists that link tiny hemorrhages in the woman's eyes to pressure on her neck attributed to manual strangulation, not damage from air bag impact.

Defense attorneys will also question Eric Thomas and his second wife, Stefanie, later this

month about reports of an extramarital affair that began before the fatal accident.

Zeitz said his first assignments in the

case will be to conduct depositions of polygraphists who examined Eric Thomas twice.

Engineering as Social Experiment

(C) Collision Safety Institute 2004

















Children & #** at early AIR BAGS #** at early at 1 - 2 - 3



Never put a rear-facing child seat (those used with infants) in the front seat of a car with an air bag.



Make sure all children are buckled up no matter where they sit. Unbuckled children can be hurt or killed by an air bag.



The rear seat is the safest place for children of any age to ride.

WARNING!

Check to see if your car, truck or van has front air bags...

Air bags have Saved lives, but they can be very dangerous for those nbuckled - especially kids.

> Buckle Up kids in a back seat away from air bags.



Turn over for critical safety points.



LWAYS SLIDE THE SEAT BACK AND SIT BACK! UCKLE EVERYONE! HILDREN IN BACK!

Can you spot the fatal error in this picture?



The child seat is securely fitted. The harnesses are correctly positioned. Everything looks fine. But look again. See that sign on the glove compartment? Airbag. Even in a low-speed impact, the bag could deploy and cause serious injury to the baby. That's why you should never place a child seat up against a frontal airbag. For a full check list of child safety tips, visit www.think.dtlr.gov.uk.

Check your child seat every trip.




Discuss:

The larger context (technical, social, economic, legal) in which your system might someday operate.

Think about who will use this system, how, what other systems (power, support, maintenance) might be required.

Analyze:

Provide an analysis of ethical components of the system. Discuss the potential ethical issues, risks, possible harms, etc. associated with a system.

Recommend:

Prepare a set of recommendations for addressing possible ethical concerns.

What could be done to avoid or alleviate them?

These might include design changes, guidelines for proper use, documentation, the development of maintenance or training programs, etc.