## 4. ADDITION

Let us recall.


Addition means put together or added together. It is represented by the symbol ${ }^{\prime} t^{\prime}$

Count and Add.

$+$


I

$+$

$+$


Fill the addition table

| $+$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |
| 7 |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |




Add ones

| 3 ones +4 ones $=7$ ones. <br> write 7 under the ones place.$\|$$T$ 0 <br> 4 4 <br> Add tens  |
| :--- |
| 1 ten +4 tens $=5$ tens. <br> write 5 under the tens place <br> we get $44+13=57$ |$+$| 1 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 7 |

Add: $52+37$

$52+37=89$

Add : $58+41$


Add: $62+14$


## Add and write the answer

| T | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 |
|  |  |


| $T$ | 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 5 |
| 3 | 4 |
|  |  |


| $T$ |
| :--- |
| +$T$ 0 <br> 6 2 <br> 3 6 <br>   <br> $T$ 0 <br> 6 7 <br> 2 0 <br>   |


| T | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 2 |
| 1 | 2 |
|  |  |


| $T$ | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 6 |
| 4 | 1 |
|  |  |


$+$| $T$ | 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 2 |
| 2 | 4 |
|  |  |

## - SACTIVITY



Take any 3 cards


Form 2-digit numbers
$22,23,24,32,33,34,42,43,44$
Take any 2 numbers and add.

| $T$ | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 3 |
| 2 | 4 |
|  |  |

$$
23+24=\square
$$

Adding 3 two digit numbers.

* We can also add two or more numbers at a time. Let us add three numbers now 43, 32, 22.

$+$| $T$ | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 3 |
| 3 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 9 | 7 |

Add ones and write in the ones place
Add tens and write in the tens place

## Think!

If you take 0 as one of the 3 cards how many 2 -digit numbers can be formed?


ADDITION OF 2-DIGIT NUMBERS (WITH CARRYING)
Add: $36+27$


* 7 ones +6 ones -13 ones

Change 13 ones into 1 ten and 3 ones

* Write 3 in the ones place and carry 1 ten to the tens place.
$\star$ Add the tens.
2 tens +3 tens +1 ten -6 tens
* Write 6 under the tens place.


$$
36+27=63
$$

Shall we add more than two 2-digit numbers?
Add $\quad 45+34+13$
Add the numbers which are in the ones place


Add and write the answer

|  |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $T$ | 0 |
| 4 | 3 |
| 2 | 9 |
| 7 | 2 |



|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $T$ | 0 |
| 6 | 7 |
| 2 | 6 |
|  |  |



|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $T$ |  |
| $T$ | 0 |
| 5 | 2 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 1 | 8 |
|  |  |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| T | 0 |
| 1 | 6 |
| 2 | 7 |
| 4 | 5 |
|  |  |

## Properties of addition



Even if we change the position of the numbers, the value remains the same

Addition with zero


Any number added to zero or zero added to any number gives the same number

## Fill in the boxes

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1+4=\square+1 \\
& 10+\square=5+10 \\
& 14+6=\square+14 \\
& \hline \\
& 5+0=\square=\square \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}+\begin{array}{|l|l|}
\hline T & 0 \\
\hline 4 & 0 \\
\hline 2 & 7 \\
\hline & \\
\hline 7 & \hline 7 \\
\hline 2 & 0 \\
\hline & \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

## Word Problems ( Addition )

Ravi has 5 red balls and 3 green balls.
How many balls does he have in all?


A fruit seller has 40 oranges and 25 apples in his shop.
How many fruits does he have in all ?
A fruit seller has

| Oranges | $=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Apples | $=$ |
| Total number of fruits |  |
| Fruit Seller has___fruits |  |

There are 19 boys and 23 girls in a class.
How many children are there in the Class?

| Number of boys | $=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of girls | $=$ |
| Total number of children | $=$ |

There are $\qquad$ children.



## Let us form addition stories

## Teacher's Note

To develop the addition skill in day-to-day life, the above oral activity is suggested
$\sigma$ Teacher may give more addition facts to the children and ask them to narrate the stories of their own.

## 5. MEASURES OF LENGTH

Observe the height of the following pictures.


Tick the taller object.


Observe the length of the following pictures.


$\lambda$ The length of the pen is $\qquad$ finger spans.
 hand spans and $\qquad$ finger spans.


Cubit
1 The length of the table is $\qquad$ span, finger span and cubit.


Use the following to measure the given objects.

## MATHPMATICS



In the above activities, compare your answers with your friends. This may not be the same. You see some differences in measures. Why?

The size of the hand and foot differs from person to person.

So there is a need for the standard unit of measurement. When we use standard units, the measurements would be the same.
$\star$ Metre is the standard unit of length.
$\star$ We measure bigger lengths in metres.

* We measure smaller lengths in millimetres.
$\star$ The scale has centimetres on one side.

We buy cloth by measuring its length in metres.


A tailor takes measures of length to stitch a shirt in centimetres


## SACTIVITY

Find out which distance is shorter.
Your house to the school.
(or)
Your friend's house to the school.

Do you know?

The longest bone in the human body is the thigh bone.


